Heart disease is the leading cause of death in the U.S.

More than 600,000 Americans die of heart disease each year. Stroke is another leading cause of death. More than 795,000 people in the U.S. have a stroke each year. You are being prescribed a statin for:

- Cardiovascular Condition
 - Diabetes
 - High Cholesterol
 - Other/Prevention

I will fill my medication via:

Pharmacy:

Mail Order:

I should come back for a blood test on:

___/____

I should call my doctor with any questions or concerns at:

*tandigm

Statins
Save
Lives



*tandigm

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What are statins?

Statins are medications that are used to help lower cholesterol levels and prevent heart attacks and strokes.

What is cholesterol?

Cholesterol is a waxy, fat-like substance that travels through the blood. Very high levels can promote plaque buildup in the walls of arteries and block blood flow, possibly resulting in a heart attack or stroke.

How do statins work?

Statins lower cholesterol in the blood by reducing the liver's ability to make cholesterol.

Statins also appear to help prevent heart attacks and strokes by keeping plaque from breaking apart and forming clots that can move to the heart or brain.

Who should take a statin?

Your doctor will advise if you should take a statin. A statin is usually advised if:

- > You have a high cholesterol level.
- > You have cardiovascular disease such as angina or peripheral arterial disease, or if you have had a heart attack or stroke.
- If you have diabetes or other risk factors, as you may be at high risk for developing a heart attack or stroke.



Not all statins are the same. If you have a side effect to a statin, you still may be OK to take a lower dose or a different type of statin. Talk to your PCP about the right option for you.

What else can I be doing to lower my chances of having a stroke or heart attack?

Making lifestyle changes to improve your overall health, such as:

Regular

Exercise



Diet



Smoking

How do I take a statin safely?

- > Know why your health care provider recommended a statin. If you have questions, ask them.
- Share any concerns. Be open about any concerns that might get in the way of you filling the prescription or taking it the right way.
- Report side effects. Some common side effects are headaches, difficulty sleeping and muscle aches. Tell your PCP if you experience rarer side effects such as severe muscle pain, weakness, fever, rash or itching, dark urine, yellowing of the skin or the whites of the eyes. Your PCP will evaluate you and explore other options to keep your brain and heart protected.
- > Never stop taking your statin without talking with your health care provider first. Remember: You may not "feel" better taking a statin; that's because it is used to prevent problems.
- Ask if you should avoid certain medications or foods. Certain beverages (such as grapefruit juice), foods and medications may change the way your statin works.